# DEGREE COURSE APPLICATION CREATIVE GUIDES:

Art & Design Drama & Theatre Studies Interview Guide Personal Statement Guide





#### Degree Course Applications – Creative

#### A step-by-step guide 16-19

**Author: Stephen Thomas** 

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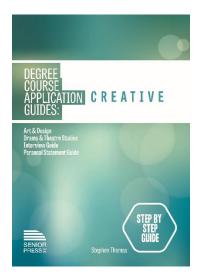
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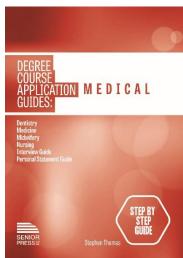
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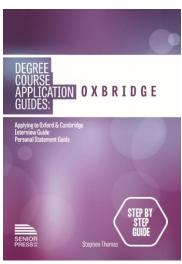
#### **Degree Course Applications**

A step-by-step guide 16-19













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#### APPLYING FOR ART AND DESIGN DEGREES: A STEP BY STEP GUIDE 16-19



#### **Key Subject Pointers**

- Many students complete a one-year Art foundation course after Year 12/13 to help them progress to higher education. Applications are made direct to the college or university running the course.
- Art foundation courses are classified as further education so students taking the course are not eligible for a student loan but no tuition fees are charged to students under 19 at courses run by a local authority. Courses by independent, fee-paying colleges may charge.
- Fine Art degrees offer the studio skills associated with becoming an artist alongside an exploration of the theoretical, historical and critical foundations of the subject.
- On Design degrees students tend to follow a particular course to reflect future career option such as graphic design, illustration, textiles, interior design, fashion design, digital media, photography and many others
- For most Art and Design courses, you will be asked to attend an interview or submit a portfolio of your work (sometimes electronic)

• The Student Art Guide website has excellent advice on how to improve your chances of making a successful application:

http://www.studentartguide.com/

#### **HE Course Profile**

http://university.which.co.uk/subjects/design

#### Step by Step Application Guidance

#### In Year 11



A Level Choices Think carefully about your A level choices in the Sixth Form. The Russell Group (most of the leading universities) advice on A level choices for Art and Design is as follows:

ESSENTIAL: Art or Design Technology including AGCE/National (to give you the portfolio to get onto an Art Foundation Course,

though sometimes AGCE/National Art and Design applicants go straight onto a degree).

USEFUL: Useful advanced level qualifications Design Technology, Art & Design. Do note that most entrants onto Art and Design degrees will have done a one-year Art Foundation Course after completing Year 13

#### Early in Year 12



#### What you Need to Start Doing as Early as You Can

At the end of Year 12 and beginning of Year 13 you will be required to write an A4 length Personal Statement to accompany your university application. Find out more about the Personal Statement here:

https://www.ucas.com/ucas/undergraduate/getting-started/when-apply/writing-personal-statement

Make sure that when you write your UCAS Personal Statement that you have something relevant and interesting to write about. There are suggestions for activities you should start and websites you should visit as early in Year 12 as you can towards the end of this guide. Use them to enrich your knowledge of your chosen course and to get involved n what universities call super-curricular activities.

#### **Begin to Gather Key Information**

Visit <u>www.ucas.com</u> and begin to gather information about the sort of grades you will need to get to go to particular universities that attract you.

#### Early in Year 12:



#### **Work Experience**

Getting work experience or volunteering with creative organisations can help you clarify your career choices. Although these websites are aimed at post-graduates the will help with identifying the sort of placements you might apply for:

http://community.ucreative.ac.uk/article/8641/Work-Experience

https://www.aber.ac.uk/en/careers/subject-information/art/useful-resources/

#### From January of Year 12:



Open Days Look at <a href="www.ucas.com">www.ucas.com</a> from January in Year 12 as the Open Days often go live from this point. You can secure the most favourable dates e.g. weekend dates so that you don't miss lessons (missing lessons means its harder to get the grades). <a href="http://www.opendays.com/">http://www.opendays.com/</a> is a very useful website which provides an open days

calendar as well as advice on choosing your visits.

**Plan Open Days Early** Don't leave your open days planning till May or June in Year 12, the best dates may have been and gone.

**Clear Aims** Make sure that you have some clear aims and key questions before you attend an open day.

**Record** Keep a record observations and insights in a journal/diary as well as questions you might want to ask at the time or at interview.

#### Early June in Year 12



**UCAS APPLY OPENS** UCAS Apply system becomes available online.

July to September in Year 12: The Personal Statement

**Start Early** Make sure that when you write your UCAS Personal Statement early in Year 13 that you have something relevant and interesting to

write about by this time in your A level career. See enrichment activities below. At least 75% of your statement should be about Art and Design issues.

Check the course requirements and selection criteria: This will give you a good idea of what is being looked for.

Check the course details: many students do not do this and make false assumptions about what they will study on the courses they have chosen.

**Avoid Clichés** Don't begin you personal statement with clichés. Ask yourself whether this is something anybody could have written. If so write something original.

Do Not List It is better to write about fewer things but in more depth

**Area of Interest** You may want to write about a particular area of Art or Design, a work of art that that has grabbed your interest, for example. Make sure you have something to say about if asked at interview.

**Writing about your Work Experience** It is important to say what you learnt from your work experience and to write about the insights which were gained. For some good advice on how to do this go to:

http://university.which.co.uk/advice/personal-statements-how-to-make-your-work-experience-really-count

**Personal Statement Advice** You will find some sound personal statement advice for Art and Design at this link:

http://university.which.co.uk/advice/personal-statement-advice-art-design-students

**Personal Statement Examples** The Student Room website has useful advice on and examples of personal statements for Art and Design::

http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/wiki/Category:Art\_Personal\_Statements
http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/wiki/Category:Design\_Personal\_Statements

#### **Interviews/ Portfolios**

The Student Art Guide website has first rate advice on putting together a portfolio and other matters:

http://www.studentartguide.com/articles/how-to-make-an-art-portfolio-for-college-or-university

This Guardian article has a lot of really good advice on portfolios:

http://www.theguardian.com/education/mortarboard/2013/aug/28/how-to-prepare-an-arts-portfolio-for-university

Glasgow Art College have examples of good portfolios at this link:

http://www.gsa.ac.uk/study/undergraduate-degrees/how-to-apply/portfolio-examples/

#### Subject Enrichment Activities in Year 12 and beyond



- Get as much experience in the different disciplines of Art and Design as you can
- Visit as many exhibitions and galleries as you can in your local area and especially in London

- Read the arts pages of national newspapers and use their websites
- Visit the websites of the major galleries such as Tate Britain, Tate Modern, the National Portrait Gallery, the National Gallery, the Design Museum, the Saatchi Gallery
- Visit websites of contemporary artists such as Antony Gormley, Damien Hirst, David Hockney, Grayson Perry and others to find out more about them.

#### What should I be reading?

- Progression to Art and Design, UCAS Books
- Real Life Guide: Creative Industries by Karen Holmes
- Getting Into Art & Design Courses by James Burnett
- Design: A Very Short Introduction by John Heskett
- Contemporary Art: A Very Short Introduction by Julian Stallabrass
- *Photography: A Very Short Introduction* by Steve Edwards
- Read magazines such as the Architectural Review, Art Monthly, Art Review, Blueprint, British Journal of Photography, Ceramic Review, Frieze, Photography Monthly and Portfolio

#### Which websites will be useful?

- Design Council for publications, resources information about design, case studies.
- British Arts Information about arts competitions, arts events, art festivals and many other links
- *Your Creative Future* is a guide to educational and careers opportunities in the creative industries
- Design Museum
- The Tate *Learn Online* website and the *Tate Channel* which has video clips about contemporary artists and their work
- *Theatre Design* the website of the Royal Society of theatre designers
- Arts Council
- Association of Photographers,
- British Film Institute
- Crafts Council
- Prospects.ac.uk website 'Careers Advice' link to find out more about careers and jobs in this area of work

#### Find out about Post-Graduate Employment



To get some sense of where you might be going with this degree. The following websites are very useful:

#### Prospects.ac.uk website

#### http://www.prospects.ac.uk/

Click 'Careers advice' link then click 'Options with your subject' link which will give you information on:

- skills the degree will give you
- job options related to your degree
- jobs for which your degree would be useful
- links to each of the jobs for further details
- career areas chosen by those with your degree
- where the jobs are
- other possibilities after your degree.

#### The icould website

#### http://icould.com/

has over a thousand videos of individuals talking about their careers with hundreds of supporting articles giving an insight into:

- what each career involves
- what people who follow the career actually do

- what it is like
- how they came to be where they are
- their plans for the future.

#### **National Careers Service website:**

#### https://nationalcareersservice.direct.gov.uk

The National Careers Service provides information, advice and guidance to help you make decisions on learning, training and work opportunities. The service offers confidential, helpful and impartial advice, supported by qualified careers advisers.

The service is freely available for people living in England. Links to organisations offering targeted advice for people living in Scotland, Northern Ireland or Wales are provided on the website.

Help and support is provided to show you how to:

- develop your CV
- search and apply for jobs
- understand the job market
- search for courses and training schemes
- find funding to support any learning
- identify your key strengths and skills
- explore your career options
- choose training routes that fit your lifestyle
- develop an action plan to help you achieve your goals.



### APPLYING FOR DRAMA AND THEATRE STUDIES DEGREES: A STEP BY STEP GUIDE 16-19



#### **Key Subject Pointers**

- You will need to think about whether you wish to apply to drama colleges or university or both and choose between a practical performance degree and a more academically inclined qualification. There are also non-degree courses available.
- If you want to act you can also apply to drama colleges such as RADA as well as your 5 UCAS application places. The top drama schools are very competitive and typically have over 11,000 applicants for 1500 places. Auditioning will be vitally important.
- Don't forget that as well as acting in theatre, film, musicals, circus and mime, drama encompasses writing, set design, directing, stage management, lighting and sound.
- Professional acting work is **very** hard to get into with twice as many female as male applicants to drama school, so you need to be bear this in mind before taking a decision about what kind of course to apply for.

#### **HE Course Profile**

http://university.which.co.uk/subjects/drama-and-theatre-studies?gclid=Cj0KEQjwrJ2tBRD13N7T5u7k9I8BEiQA5APAALIJYo9RGcEUIk1ajGA92enrDkKL9QJDz-U2bEKD5fcaAnHZ8P8HAQ

#### In Year 11



A Level Choices Think carefully about your A level choices in the Sixth Form. The Russell Group (most of the leading universities) advice on A level choices for Drama and Theatre Studies is as follows:

ESSENTIAL: Some courses require English Literature and for a few courses English and/or

Theatre Studies.

USEFUL: English Literature, English Literature and Language, Theatre Studies.

#### Early in Year 12



# What you Need to Start Doing as Early as You Can

At the end of Year 12 and beginning of Year 13 you will be required to write an A4 length Personal Statement to accompany your university application. Find out more about the Personal Statement here:

https://www.ucas.com/ucas/undergraduate/getting-started/when-apply/writing-personal-statement

Make sure that when you write your UCAS Personal Statement that you have something relevant and interesting to write about. There are suggestions for activities you should start and websites you should visit as early in Year 12 as you can towards the end of this guide. Use them to enrich your knowledge of your chosen course and to get involved n what universities call super-curricular activities.

**Begin to Gather Key Information** Visit <u>www.ucas.com</u> and begin to gather information about the sort of grades you will need to get to go to particular universities that attract you.

#### Early in Year 12:



#### 'Work' Experience

The best thing you can do is to get plenty of experience of acting in productions, amateur or otherwise. Very good work experience advice can be found at:

http://www.dramaclasses.biz/work-experience

There are some useful comments from other students at this link:

http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/showthread.php?t=2266239

Go to the theatre as much as you can to broaden you knowledge of drama and to see a variety of productions:

- If you have a local theatre go regularly eg Bristol Old Vic, Birmingham Rep, Liverpool Everyman
- Go to the National Theatre, Royal Court, Almeida, Tricycle or Old Vic theatres in London
- Go to the Royal Shakespeare Theatre in Stratford

#### From January of Year 12:



**Open Days** Look at <a href="www.ucas.com">www.ucas.com</a> from January in Year 12 as the Open Days often go live from this point. You can secure the most favourable dates e.g. weekend dates so that you don't miss lessons (missing lessons means its harder to get the grades). <a href="http://www.opendays.com/">http://www.opendays.com/</a> is a very useful website which provides an open days

calendar as well as advice on choosing your visits.

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Clear Aims Make sure that you have some clear aims and key questions before you attend an open day.

**Record** Keep a record observations and insights in a journal/diary as well as questions you might want to ask at the time or at interview.

#### Early June in Year 12



July to September in Year 12: The Personal Statement

**Start Early** Make sure that when you write your UCAS Personal Statement early in Year 13 that you have something relevant and interesting to write about by this time in your A level career. See enrichment activities below. At least 75% of your statement should be about Drama and Theatre

Studies issues.

Check the course requirements and selection criteria: This will give you a good idea of what is being looked for.

Check the course details: many students do not do this and make false assumptions about what they will study on the courses they have chosen.

**Avoid Clichés** Don't begin you personal statement with clichés. Ask yourself whether this is something anybody could have written. If so write something original.

Do Not List It is better to write about fewer things but in more depth

**Area of Interest** You may want to write about a particular area of Drama, a particular play or playwright maybe that has grabbed your interest. Make sure you have something to say about it if asked at interview.

Writing about your Work Experience It is important to say what you learnt from your work experience and to write about the insights which were gained. For some good advice on how to do this go to:

http://university.which.co.uk/advice/personal-statements-how-to-make-your-work-experience-really-count

**Personal Statement Advice** You will find some sound personal statement advice for Drama at this link:

http://university.which.co.uk/advice/personal-statement-advice-drama-students

**Personal Statement Examples** The Student Room website has useful advice on and examples of personal statements for Drama:

http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/wiki/Category:Drama\_Personal\_Statements

#### **Interviews/Auditions**

There is good advice on preparing for auditions at:

http://www.dramaclasses.biz/drama-school-audition-top-tips

https://www.dramauk.co.uk/articles/how\_to\_get\_into\_drama\_school

#### Subject Enrichment Activities in Year 12 and beyond



- See as much live theatre as you can in your local area and in London
- Read more by authors you are studying and texts from contrasting periods of drama history: Greek/Jacobean/Restoration, for example
- Get as much acting and production experience as you can in school and with local drama groups or theatres
- Get involved with youth theatre schools such as Sylvia Young, or Stagecoach and join youth groups at your local professional theatre
- Do work experience or work shadowing at a local theatre
- If you have the chance of professional acting find yourself an agent to help you get extras work, advertising and audition experience.
- Find out if your regional BBC and ITV have youth acting groups
- Go on the National Youth Theatre Summer School

#### Go to the Edinburgh Festival

#### What should I be reading?

- Year of the King by Antony Sher
- Tales from an Actor's Life by Steven Berkoff
- The Empty Space by Peter Brook
- Experimental Theatre by James Roose-Evans
- Theatre Studies by Simon Cooper and Sally Mackey
- Read *The Stage* newspaper and use its website:
  - o http://www.thestage.co.uk/ for the latest theatre news

#### Which websites will be useful?

- National Council for Drama Training website especially the Guide to Training section
- Conference of Drama Schools: for information on courses, funding and other website links. Downloadable PDF guides on courses and on careers.
  - www.drama.ac.uk
- Arts Council Get into Theatre website
- UKP-Arts: www.ukperformingarts.co.uk/ Searchable index of UK performing arts colleges, London performing arts courses, acting classes, musical theatre courses, London performing arts colleges
- *Equity*, the actors' trade union website has advice, links and fact-sheets on careers in the theatre.

#### Find out about Post-Graduate Employment



To get some sense of where you might be going with this degree. The following websites are very useful:

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#### http://www.prospects.ac.uk/

Click 'Careers advice' link then click 'Options with your subject' link which will give you information on:

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- jobs for which your degree would be useful
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Help and support is provided to show you how to:

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- search and apply for jobs
- understand the job market
- search for courses and training schemes
- find funding to support any learning
- identify your key strengths and skills
- explore your career options
- choose training routes that fit your lifestyle
- develop an action plan to help you achieve your goals.



# PLANNING AND WRITING AN OUTSTANDING UCAS PERSONAL STATEMENT:

#### A STEP BY STEP GUIDE

HOW DO YOU WRITE A UNIQUE PERSONAL STATEMENT?



#### **Key Pointers**

**How important is it?** The Personal Statement is a very important part of your university application which will be made in the first term of Year 13. Many courses do not interview so the Personal Statement may be your only chance to impress selectors. The London School of Economics (LSE) say: 'The Personal statement is the most important way we decide between applicants.'

Many universities will score you statement because they are looking for quite specific things.

**How Much Do I have to Write?** It is around an A4 side in length.(47 lines maximum, 4,000 characters maximum, 1,000 characters minimum, 12 point

Times New Roman font)) In most cases it will be written between July of Year 12 with a final version in September/ October of Year 13

What is it for? The Personal Statement gives you an opportunity to:

- tell the universities and colleges why they should choose you
- tell universities and colleges about your suitability for the course(s) that you hope to study.
- demonstrate your enthusiasm and commitment, and above all, ensure that you stand out from the crowd

**Start Early** If you get the big picture of the application process early and understand what will be needed for the Personal Statement you can begin to collect experiences, evidence of reading and other activities which can be written about when the time comes to write your statement? These are the things you need to start thinking about, doing and keeping on the back burner to make your eventual application a stronger one

**Give Yourself an Edge** It will give you a head start compared to many students who are applying nationally and will give you a competitive edge over other students who have left things till the last minute

#### In Year 11



Know Where You are Going? If you think you know where you are going with possible university course choices in Year 11 it will help if you to begin to collect experiences and engage in enrichment activities so that you have something significant to write about when the time comes.

**Super-curricular activities** ae particularly important, things which show you have taken the initiative to find o9ut more about and deepen you knowledge of subjects in which you have a particular interest or which are going to important for your future course choices

#### From January of Year 12:



# How can I show my commitment to a university subject I want to study?

The first priority is to be on top of the subjects you are studying at A level (or equivalent) because without achieving the required you will not get a place at university. You need to be:

- Up to date with assignments
- Cover the specification thoroughly
- Clear about the assessment criteria for each subject
- Have a good revision programme in place

The second priority is to enrich the A level subject you wish to study at university and any other related A levels by engaging in a range of activities to broaden and deepen your knowledge and to persuade university selectors of your commitment.

If the subject you want to study is not one of your current courses, Engineering or Vet Science for example, the same applies. Engage in activities to show that you have made a substantial effort to find out about the subject and that you have a genuine commitment to it.

#### Activities to Get Involved in

- Attend summer schools
- Work experience
- Public lectures
- Voluntary work
- Read (serious) newspapers
- Read journals (eg scientific)
- Enter academic competitions

#### **Above all Read widely**

- Textbooks quickly get out of date and have a narrow focus. Read more about topics you are studying and about other areas of the subject that interest you.
- Get a breadth of understanding beyond what is in the specification.

- Read subject magazines and journals to keep in touch with the latest developments.
- Philip Allen Updates subject review magazines are worth subscribing to and will keep you up to date with new research and ideas in your subject: http://magazines.philipallan.co.uk/

#### **Get relevant experience**

- This will depend on thee subject you want to study. Some university subjects like Medicine or Vet Science will require extensive work experience and it is also expected for subjects such as Nursing, Teaching or Social Work. Watch this video:
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D-Fkrz8ms5w
- For other subjects you should try to gain relevant experiences in the world outside school such as theatre visits for English, industrial and business experience for subject such as Economics, Business Studies and Engineering, voluntary work for caring careers
- A useful websites is: http://www.direct.gov.uk/en/YoungPeople/Workandcareers/Workexperie nceandvolunteering.

#### Early June in Year 12



- UCAS APPLY UCAS Apply system becomes available online.
- You can now start thinking about the sort of things you will want to write about in your Personal Statement

#### July to September in Year 12:

You now need to begin to think about the Personal Statement in earnest and start writing preliminary drafts

#### What Should go into the Personal Statement?

Some of the best advice on the Personal Statement comes from UCAS who suggest that at least two thirds of your personal statement should relate to the course you wish to study at university and your suitability for it.

For a mind-map and worksheet to help you use the links:

http://www.ucas.com/documents/statement/mindmap.pdf

http://www.ucas.com/documents/statement/worksheet.pdf

UCAS also give the following important pointers about how you should include in your Personal Statement:

- (1) Why you are applying for the course you have chosen?
  - Why does the subject interest you?
  - Include evidence that you understand what is required to study the course
  - What got you interested in the subject?
  - What have you learnt about the subject?
  - Any activities that demonstrate your interest in the course(s)
- (2) Why you are suitable for the course:
  - Which skills and experience do you have that will help you succeed on the course.
  - What have your done to develop your knowledge of the subject?
  - What evidence is there that you have read, studied, gained experiences outside the confines of your A level courses?

#### From July in year 12



#### **Important Things you Should Do**

**Make sure** that you check to see if the universities you are thinking of applying to have any particular requirements for the Personal Statement.

#### **Useful Personal Statement Advice**

This section of the Which University website gives specific subject focused Personal Statement advice:

http://university.which.co.uk/advice/personal-statement-subject-guides-admission-tutor-tips

For £5 subscribe to Personal Statement Builder on the SACU website which guides you through each section of your Personal Statement. The final re-draft section automatically scans your statement for potential issues and reports back on items including: clichés, overuse of intensifier words (Amazing! Enthralled! Captivated! etc.), number of sentences starting with I, american spelling errors, repetition, overall structure.

http://sacu-student.com/?product=personal-statement-builder-student-license

#### What Makes a Good Personal Statement Videos and Podcasts

These videos and podcasts from UCAS and different universities give very sound Advice:

UCAS: <a href="http://www.ucas.tv/ucas/video/WXSch">http://www.ucas.tv/ucas/video/WXSch</a>

Birmingham: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w6wGWlIOxpw">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w6wGWlIOxpw</a>

Imperial College: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z\_mlyruYQ24">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z\_mlyruYQ24</a>

Leicester: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zESqEAXqX-Y">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zESqEAXqX-Y</a>

Kings College: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gtm2xtsqMLU">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gtm2xtsqMLU</a>

Bangor: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nH\_mAYnqn01">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nH\_mAYnqn01</a>

Oxford: <a href="http://www.ox.ac.uk/admissions/undergraduate\_courses/why\_oxford/podcasts/third\_episode\_the.html">http://www.ox.ac.uk/admissions/undergraduate\_courses/why\_oxford/podcasts/third\_episode\_the.html</a>

#### Make Sure You Know about the Course You are Applying For

Look them up on university course websites

Use the UCAS entry profiles web-pages which you fill find when you begin to search for courses

#### **Redrafting is Essential**

• First, start by looking at the Personal Statement Mind-map on the UCAS APPLY website:

http://www.ucas.com/students/applying/howtoapply/personalstatement

- Use it to help you construct a mind-map focused on your personal aims and aspirations
- Second, use the excellent four page Personal Statement worksheet on the UCAS APPLY website to plan your statement in detail:

http://www.ucas.com/students/applying/howtoapply/personalstatement

- The worksheet gives you very clear indications about how much to write for each section Remember: at least two thirds on the course
- Next write out your statement in full and read carefully what you have written and don't be satisfied until you have re-worked it several times
- Your Personal Statement will need to go though many drafts before it is right. Read it to others to see what it sounds like and get them to comment on it too.

**Do Not Use Pretentious Language** Write in a natural way using vocabulary you would normally use but don't be chatty either. You are not texting.

#### **Avoid Cliché Opening Sentences**

UCAS say the 10 most common opening sentences are such things as:

- 1. I am currently studying a BTEC National Diploma in...
- 2. From a young age I have always been interested in ...
- 3. From an early age I have always been interested in ...
- 4. Nursing is a very challenging and demanding career...
- 5. For as long as I can remember I have been fascinated with
- 6. Fashion is not something that exists in dresses only ...
- 7. Nursing is a profession I have always looked upon with ...
- 8. For as long as I can remember I have been interested in..
- 9. I am an International Academy student and have been studying since....
- 10. Academically, I have always been a very determined ...

#### **Avoid Empty statements about Yourself**

- I have been interested in philosophy all my life (all???)
- I feel global warming is a really important issue (which aspects?)
- I feel that genes are fundamental in shaping human behaviour (say something original about genetics)
- You need team work and communication skills and I have got them (where is the evidence?)

 Maths is important for helping us understand all sorts of things (give examples)

#### **Avoid Mentioning Cliché Books**

- Show that you have explored beyond the obvious in your reading and say something original about the books you do mention. Everyone will write about Fermat's Last Theorem' for Maths or 'A Brief History of Time' for Physics, for example
- Make sure they are books you can talk about if interviewed
- Anticipate the interview question: 'What have your read since you wrote your Personal Statement?'

#### **Avoid Exaggerated Language**

For example, Maths is
'amazing'
'incredible'
'fantastic'
'unbelievably interesting'
'captivating'
Say something more thoughtful

#### What Sort of Language should I use?

- Persuade them that you are like this don't just claim it?
- 'This shows that I am/can.....'
- Use evidence from work experience
- Use evidence from achievements
- Use evidence from voluntary activities BUT not, for example 'I am a good at team work because I play in a team'.

#### Writing About your Work Experience

- Include details of jobs, placements, work experience or voluntary work, particularly if it's relevant to your chosen course(s). Try to link any experience to skills or qualities related to the course
- Make it clear how long was spent on each placement

- Think about how they demonstrate your personality, skills and abilities.
   Try to link them to the skills and experience required for your course(s).
- UCAS give this example:

#### **NOT**

'I spent two weeks working at a department store. I enjoyed speaking to customers and helping them with their enquiries'

#### **BUT**

'I spent two weeks managing customer enquiries at a department store. I learnt how to interact with customers and handle complaints. The experience highlighted the importance of positive communication between a business and its customers, and taught me how to manage difficult enquiries effectively. I would like to develop this skill further by studying a degree in public relations.'

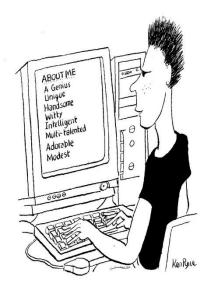
For some good advice on how to write about your work experience go to:

http://university.which.co.uk/advice/personal-statements-how-to-make-your-work-experience-really-count

#### Skills you May Need to Write About

Depending on the nature of the course you may need to write about skills such as the following:

- Practical
- Problem solving
- Caring
- Enthusiastic
- Teamwork
- Good communicator
- Using own initiative
- Work under pressure
- Self motivated
- Working to deadlines
- Organisation
- Leadership
- Self-expression
- Scientifically literate
- Artistic/creative



#### Writing about Interests and Activities Relevant to the Course

The Assistant Registrar for Undergraduate Admissions from University of Warwick says that:

'The strongest applicants are those who can link their extra-curricular activities to their proposed course of study. Your statement will be more convincing and personal if you write about why an experience, activity or interest makes you a good candidate for the course. Include enough additional information to make it interesting and to demonstrate your own interest.'

- Don't just list them
- Say what you got from the activity
- Use telling examples
- Be precise about time was spent on the activity
- Show how it helped to develop your thinking
- Emphasise skills and qualities you developed eg team work, commitment, caring
- Mention particular insights gained

#### The EPQ

- If you are involved in this mention it in your
- Personal Statement
- Show how it has helped you to develop intellectually with examples
- Show how it has helped you learn new study and research skills
- Show how you think it has helped you prepare for university

#### **Applying for Multiple courses and Joint Degrees**

- You only write one personal statement to all your choices. Try not to mention a university by name, even if you are applying to only one university - your personal statement cannot be changed if you apply to a different place later.
- If you're applying for a joint degree you will need to explain why you are interested in both aspects of this joint programme.
- If you're applying for different subjects or courses, you need to identify the common themes and skills that are relevant to your choices.

#### Do Not Plagiarise

One year 234 UCAS personal statements contained the following: 'Ever since I accidentally burnt holes in my pyjamas after experimenting with a chemistry set on my eighth birthday, I have always had a passion for science.'

#### **BEWARE UCAS Copycatch Plagiarism Software**

- Your PS is checked against 1,500,000 statements past and present on the UCAS website, those on other websites and in books
- 30,000 students 'caught' in a typical year
- 10% were identical to other applicants personal statements or online examples eg Student Room
- Universities applied to informed so that they can take appropriate action
- Student told by email with details on Track
- Flagged up on Adviser Track for school staff as well

## The Most Common Reasons for Unsuccessful Applications According to UCAS

- Your personal statement does not strongly support your desire to study your chosen degree.
- Your personal statement did not show sufficient understanding, relevance or knowledge about the course you are applying for.
- You failed to demonstrate sufficient knowledge and interest in the subject in your personal statement.
- There is a lot of competition for places on this course and your personal statement and experience was not as strong as other applicants this year.
- Application form (including personal statement, reference and predicted grades) does not evidence accurate understanding of or motivation for subject.
- Not expressed a strong enough interest in the subject.

#### Using Example and 'Model' Personal Statements

- The danger of model answers is that you imitate them, risk plagiarism, sacrifice originality and get caught out
- There are similar issues with commercial websites which offer to 'coach' you It stops being your work.
- The Student Room website has a library of personal statements:

#### http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/wiki/personal\_statement\_library

- Be very careful with this website
- Uploaded by students some will be good some bad
- No monitoring by Student Room although some have been commented upon
- Not model statements
- Don't copy. You will be caught!
- Best approach: use them to analyse with other students

 Most useful section of this website is the **Reviewed** Personal Statement Advice for different subjects section

http://www.thestudentroom.co.uk/wiki/category:reviewed\_personal\_statements

#### 5 key Characteristics of an Excellent Personal Statement

- At least two thirds should be about the course(s) and your suitability for it.
- Make it personal and original
- Do not plagiarise
- Provide evidence and examples to back up claims you make about yourself
- When you write about things you have done show what skills you have gained and what they demonstrate about your character and/or personality

#### **Applying to Oxford: Personal Statement Advice**

- Remember that tutors will be most interested to read about your academic achievements and your commitment and motivation for your chosen degree course.
- Extra-curricular activities may help demonstrate how well you have managed your time, but they do not form part of the selection criteria in any subject.
- Do bear in mind that your UCAS personal statement will be seen by all the universities to which you are applying
- Extra-curricular is secondary
- Honesty is key! Anything included could be a talking point in the interview
- Read PS aloud.
- Students could read each other's statements in pairs
- Read the last paragraph first
- Starting early in Year 12 keep a notebook for anything relevant: books, programmes, lectures, conversations that inspired them about the subject.

#### **Applying to Cambridge: Personal Statement Advice**

- Students are advised to follow the UCAS advice Admissions decisions are based solely on academic criteria (ability, commitment and potential). We are looking for an applicant to:
- explain their reasons for wanting to study the subject
- demonstrate enthusiasm and commitment for chosen course
- express any particular interests within the field
- outline how they have pursued their interest in the subject in their own time
- Such information is often used as a basis for discussion at interview.
- Students are advised to follow the UCAS advice Admissions decisions are based solely on academic criteria (ability, commitment and potential).
- Applicants can if they wish make additional comments particularly relevant to their Cambridge application on their Supplementary Application Questionnaire. This is an opportunity to highlight particular features of the Cambridge course that attracted them. This additional personal statement is optional.

#### http://www.study.cam.ac.uk/undergraduate/apply/saq.html

 Applicants will not be disadvantaged if they add nothing to this section of the SAQ but should not to repeat information in their UCAS personal statement

#### **Extra-Curricular Activities and Cambridge**

- Participation (or not) in extra-curricular activities is not taken into account (unless relevant to the course) and does not affect the chances of an offer.
- We look at how extra-curricular activities demonstrate characteristics that will aid students' transition to life at university, such as the balance of academic and personal commitments, and the development of skills or qualities (perseverance, independence, leadership or team-working).
- However, other university may place more importance on extra-curricular activities.
- Cambridge are much more interested in super-curricular activities
  which show how you have deepened your knowledge and understanding
  of the subject you want to study.

#### **Interviews and Personal Statements**

• Chances of Being Interviewed You will not always be interviewed. More universities do not interview than do, so the Personal Statement is even more important if the university you are applying to does not interview.

- Some universities will interview every serious applicant, others none. Some will interview borderline applicants only. Check when you are choosing your universities.
- If you are interviewed make sure to read through your personal statement before hand and that you can justify everything that you have written

#### Subject Enrichment Activities in Year 12 and Beyond



#### Find out about the historical development and scope of the subject

- It helps to know how your subject has developed over time and how people approached it in the past. This will give you a better sense of what it is about and a clearer insight into how it has reached its current position.
- Understand that in all subjects there is not just one way of looking at things. There will be different perspectives, schools of thought, different views about how the subject should be studied. Be clear where you stand in relation to these debates.
- Oxford University Press (OUP) have a very useful series of books called *Very Short Introductions* which give you excellent background to academic subjects and topics within subjects.
- Wikipedia also has some useful articles on different academic subjects, their scope and historical background.

#### Be clear why the subject is important and worth studying

Think about what the subject has to offer.

- It may help to bring economic and technological benefits to society.
- It may help us to understand how humans behave.
- It may simply be worth studying in its own right

#### Understand the importance of argument and evidence

Serious academic debate revolves around argument or attempts to persuade others to your point of view using evidence and examples to support your case. It is important to:

- Ask yourself how convincing is the evidence you are using to support your views
- Ask others what evidence they have to support theirs and challenge it.
- Familiarise yourself with terms such, as argument and counter argument and be aware of the dangers of misrepresenting, insufficient or unrepresentative evidence
- Understand the common fallacies in argument that others might use such as correlation not causation or restricting the options.
- Be aware of the criteria we should use to decide whether sources of evidence are reliable.
- If you are not already studying Critical Thinking which deals with these issues, any Critical Thinking A level textbook will help you with all this or the website:
  - http://www.criticalthinking.org.uk

#### Use radio, television, newspapers and their websites productively

- Use the media to keep in touch with issues and debates relevant to your subject: news, documentaries, arts programmes, reviews.
- Radio and television programme and newspaper websites will have archives of programmes and articles which you can search for relevant material. Radio 4, for examples has extensive archives of broadcasts relevant to a wide rang of academic subjects.

#### Involve yourself in serious talk and debate

- Be enthusiastic about debating with and expressing your ideas to other students. It is only in discussion and debate with others that we really clarify what we think.
- Test your views against others.
- Do not be defensive and get used to being relaxed about having your views challenged by others.

#### Above all do not believe all that you are told: learn to be sceptical

- Constantly question views, theories and opinions that you are faced with.
- Test every idea to destruction so that you can tell which ones really stand up.
- Understand that what we currently think is only the best knowledge we have at the time.
- Don't be too easily persuaded

#### Find out about Post-Graduate Employment

If you are applying for vocational degree which prepare you for a specific job such as medicine, social work of teaching it is very important to show in your Personal Statement that you know what the job involves. Here are some websites which will help you to find out about the realties of work:

#### Prospects.ac.uk website

#### http://www.prospects.ac.uk/

Click 'Careers advice' link then click 'Options with your subject' link which will give you information on:

- skills the degree will give you
- job options related to your degree
- jobs for which your degree would be useful
- links to each of the jobs for further details
- career areas chosen by those with your degree
- where the jobs are
- other possibilities after your degree.

#### The icould website

#### http://icould.com/

has over a thousand videos of individuals talking about their careers with hundreds of supporting articles giving an insight into:

- what each career involves
- what people who follow the career actually do
- what it is like
- how they came to be where they are
- their plans for the future.

#### **National Careers Service website:**

#### https://nationalcareersservice.direct.gov.uk

The National Careers Service provides information, advice and guidance to help you make decisions on learning, training and work opportunities. The service offers confidential, helpful and impartial advice, supported by qualified careers advisers.

The service is freely available for people living in England. Links to organisations offering targeted advice for people living in Scotland, Northern Ireland or Wales are provided on the website.

Help and support is provided to show you how to:

- develop your CV
- search and apply for jobs
- understand the job market
- search for courses and training schemes
- find funding to support any learning
- identify your key strengths and skills
- explore your career options
- choose training routes that fit your lifestyle
- develop an action plan to help you achieve your goals.

# UNIVERSITY INTERVIEWS: A STEP BY STEP GUIDE



#### **Key Pointers**

Chances of an Interview More universities and university courses do not interview than do, so the Personal Statement is even more important if the university you are applying to does not interview. Some universities will interview every serious applicant, others none. Some will interview borderline applicants only. Check when you are choosing your universities.

**Some Top Universities do not Interview** In the case of two of the top universities, for example, LSE do not interview at all and Durham only interview for medicine and Education.

Who is More Likely to Interview? The following interview or are more likely to than not to interview BUT this is not a definitive list: Oxford and Cambridge, Medicine and medical professions, Vet Science/medicine, Dentistry, Teaching, Nursing and midwifery, Architecture, Classics, Computing, Drama and Theatre Studies, Engineering, Journalism, Music, Social work

Is a University Interview Always Selective? Interviews come in two main forms.

The 'selection' interview: A genuine attempt to assess suitability for a course: interviews for medicine and Oxbridge, teaching, nursing, midwifery are examples.

The 'recruitment' interview: The university has decided to make an offer and the interview is encouragement to accept. Interviews for less popular courses are examples of this. BUT be on your guard and present yourself as well as possible, it is not always as simple as this.

#### From January of Year 12:



General Interview Technique Find out as much as you can about what is good interview techniques. Look at these examples of a poor and a good economics interview:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=snol9dIz6Ds

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zzwxQ164FE0

Begin to mull over the ways you would answer possible questions you might get asked in an interview and do this more systematically as the year goes on:

#### **Typical General Questions**

- Tell me about yourself?
- How would you describe yourself?
- Tell us about your current courses?
- What are you best at?
- What are your main interests?
- Do you have any weaknesses
- Prepare by thinking about:
- Your key personality characteristics
- Your general and study interests
- Try and be relevant and talk about those personality qualities and interests that match the course

#### Questions about your motivation for the course and the university

- Why do you want to study for a degree?
- Why did you choose this course?

- What do you think university can offer you?
- What else, apart from study, interests you about
- this university?
- Why do you want to study at this university?
- Why do you want to study in this town/city?

**Find out What to Expect at the Interview** If you know what course you want to apply for find out as much as you can from university websites about how likely your are to be interviewed, the form the interview will take, what sort of questions are likely to be asked and whether or not some sort of test or challenge will be presented to you at the interview.

#### Oxford or Cambridge Interviews

Go to the Oxbridge Step by Step Guide

#### **Medical Interviews**

Go to the Medicine Step by Step Guide

#### **Dentistry Interviews**

Go to the Dentistry Step by Step Guide

#### **Vet Science Interviews**

Go to the Vet science Step by Step guide

#### **Nursing Interviews**

Go to the Nursing step by Step Guide

#### **Teaching Interviews**

Go to this link especially the interactive interview tab on the left hand side.

http://www.education.gov.uk/get-into-teaching/apply-for-teacher-training/help-with-your-interview

# Other Subject Focused University Interview Guidance Interview Preparation

**Mental Rehearsal** Mull over answers that you would give to questions that topically come up at interviews:

#### **Subject related questions**

- Why do you want to study this subject?
- What do you know about the course? (very important that you prepare for this)
- What attracts you to this course?
- Are there particular aspects of the course that attract you? Why?
- What have you read recently that is relevant to your interest in this course?
- What experiences /work experience/ visits/ independent study have you done which is relevant to this course?

**Topical questions** Interviewers may ask your opinion on something topical, that is in the news or related to your subject.

- Prepare for the interview by looking in the media to see what is current
- You can reading the national serious newspapers online or in hard copy and pick out current stories that seem linked to your subject.
- Collect them in a folder and think about how you could respond to a question on these topics.
- Watch TV documentaries related to the subject

#### Hypothetical situation or problem solving questions

- Be prepared to have to think on your feet and do not over rehearse prepared answers
- Give me an example of a time when... you dealt with a problem, or overcame some obstacles, or worked in a team to achieve an outcome etc
- If you were asked to....do something creative about .....what would you do?

**Course-related questions:** Aston University encourage applicants to think about the following:

- What are the employment prospects for graduates?
- What is the content of the second year module x?
- Is the focus of the course more practical or theoretical?
- Is there preparatory reading I can do?
- How many contact hours per week should I expect?
- How much independent study is expected?
- How much choice do I have with module selection?

**Video** Look at this video about interview techniques

#### https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CMyD6c9Z3z8

#### Early June in Year 12



**UCAS APPLY** UCAS Apply system becomes available online.

#### July to September in Year 12:

## Look at the excellent advice on Interviews from UCAS:

The when's and where's: Make sure you know where you need to be and when. Make any travel and accommodation arrangements in advance. Visit university website for maps and directions.

- Knowledge is power: Read the prospectus and look on the university's or college's website. Make a list of questions you'd like to ask, things the prospectus doesn't tell you.
- Know your application: This is all your interviewer knows about you so far
- Be familiar with 'hot topics' in your subject area
- Practice: A mock interview is a good idea.
- Dress appropriately: Show you are taking things seriously by dressing smartly (smart trousers and shirt or blouse)
- Arrive in good time: Take contact numbers in case you get delayed.
- Body language: Don't slouch or yawn; sit up and look alert. Make sure you are giving off all the right signals.
- Stumped? Ask for question to be repeated.
- Expect the unexpected: A surprise test or exercise isn't unheard of so stay calm and think clearly.
- Ask questions: Use the interview as a chance to find out about things not on website or in prospectus.
- Sit up straight, and lean slightly forward in your chair to projecting interest and engagement. Aligning your body's position to that of the interviewer.
- Keep an interested expression. Nod and make positive gestures in moderation.
- Establish a comfortable personal space between you and the interviewer. Invading personal space (anything more than 20 inches) makes the interviewer uncomfortable.

- If you have more than one person interviewing briefly address both with your gaze and return attention to the person who asked the question.
- If interruptions happen refrain from staring at your interviewer while they address their immediate business. Show willingness to leave if they need privacy.
- According to research at Harvard **striking an expansive posture** with open limbs rather than one with crossed arms and legs raises testosterone levels by an average of 20% and lowers cortisol, the stress hormone by a similar amount.

#### **September in Year 12:**



Look at this UCAS video about university interviews:

http://www.ucas.tv/ucas/video/pwHtR

**Get a Mock Interview!** with a member of staff who knows about the subject you are applying for. Explain to them what you can expect for the

interviews you are going for because they may not know.

Get them to really challenge what you are saying with questions such as:

- What evidence is there for that?
- I disagree with that because....?
- You are not taking account of ....?
- Doesn't that contradict what you said earlier.....?
- Wouldn't x's ideas/theories argue against that?
- Would you be able to apply that kind of thinking to.....?
- Can you explain how you came to that conclusion?
- On the other hand, couldn't you say that.....?
- The problem with what you are saying is....?
- There are limitations to that argument aren't there.....?

#### What should I be reading?

University Interviews Guide, Andy Gardner and Barbara Hamnett

#### Which websites will be useful?

The University of Kent Careers Service offer some very good general advice about different types of interviews. It is aimed at undergraduates but is still useful to those applying to university or for a variety of careers.

http://www.kent.ac.uk/careers/applicn.htm

Which University? There are some interview tips on this website:

http://university.which.co.uk/search/advice?utf8=%E2%9C%93&a%5Bq%5D=interviews&commit=Go

**Sample Questions** This site has many examples of university interview questions and discussion of possible answers

http://www.studential.com/interviews



#### **READ MORE DEGREE COURSE APPLICATION GUIDES**

